#### SUPPORTING CHILDREN IN A BUSHFIRE EFFECTED COMMUNITY PARENT INFORMATION SESSION

# **PERCEPTION OF TRAUMATIC EVENTS**

Adults	Children
Threat to own or child's life	Separation from parents
Injury	Injury to self
Loss of property	Injury or loss of parent
Loss of business and livelihood	Loss of pet
Loss of pet	Loss of favourite things
Loss of community	Disruptions to routines

# FACTORS INFLUENCING CHILD'S RESPONSE

Characteristics of child	Characteristics of environment	Characteristics of event(s)
Age and developmental stage Prior history Intelligence Personality style, coping style and resilience	Immediate reactions of caregivers and those close to the child Type of and access to support Sense of safety after the initial threat has passed Community attitudes Cultural and political context	Frequency, severity and duration Degree of physical harm/ violation experienced and witnessed Level of terror Proximity to the event

# SYMPTOMS OVER TIME

Immediate	Intermediate	Long-term
Fear Agitation Crying and distress	Depressed mood	Clinical level symptoms
Problems concentrating	Poor concentration	Decreased functioning
Difficulty sleeping, eating	Sleep and/or appetite problems	Increased risk taking
Concern regarding distance from parents	Reliving the trauma	Interpersonal difficulties
Stress response	Prolonged stress response Tiredness	Ongoing behavioural change
Regression	Loss of social skills/withdrawal	Ongoing distress
Physical complaints	Avoidance	

# NOTICE

1 month after the event.....

Symptoms worsen Ongoing distress Decrease in functioning (daily, social) Atypical behaviour Problems with age appropriate tasks

Indicators that they are reliving the trauma

Separation anxiety

Regression

New fears

Increased physical complaints

Withdrawal from previously enjoyed activities

# FIRST: BIOLOGICAL BASELINE

Eating

Sleeping (dealing with nightmares)

Exercise/activity (where possible)

# HOW TO SUPPORT — CORE NEEDS OF CHILDHOOD (SCHEMA THERAPY MODEL)



### HOW TO SUPPORT CHILDREN'S NEEDS SAFETY AND PLAY

Core need	Suggestions
Safety	Highlight safety personnel, adults making safe choices, monitor media exposure, reassurance, safe/quiet space, safe self-talk, thought passing
Nurturance	Physical contact, connection time, pet time
Stability	Maintain routines where possible, knowledge of plans
Spontaneity	Free play with child, go somewhere new, play dates (mind break), swim, mind break/distraction, humour

## HOW TO SUPPORT CHILDREN'S NEEDS REALISTIC LIMITS

Core need	Suggestions
Realistic Limits	Maintain expectations for behaviour, compassionate delivery of consequences.
Self-regulation	Separate feelings (normalise, validate, engage) and behaviours Practice <u>slow breathing</u> , yoga, mindful moments, <u>grounding</u> , rest, progressive muscle relaxation, calming space, sensory box (pencil case)

# **SELF SOOTHING**

#### Slow Breathing practice













#### **CALM DOWN WITH TAKE 5 BREATHING**

1. Stretch your hand out like a star

2. Get your pointer finger ready to trace your fingers up and down,

3. Slide up each finger slowly - slide down the other side. 4. Breathe in through your nose - out through your mouth

Put it together and breathe in as you slide up and breathe out as you slide down. Keep going until you have finished tracing your hand



## HOW TO SUPPORT CHILDREN'S NEEDS AUTONOMY

Core Need	Suggestions
Autonomy	Create opportunities for making developmentally appropriate decisions
Competence	Create opportunities to feel a sense of accomplishment (games, craft, physical activity)
Identity	Play with friends, tasks they previously enjoyed, highlight coping strategies

#### HOW TO SUPPORT CHILDREN'S NEEDS EXPRESSION

creat	eative expression: writing, comic strips, drawing,
, ,	eating a collage, 'bear cards', narrative, play ys available related and unrelated to event), sic, worry dolls/worry eaters
ackne empo genti re-er physi	oression (release via words or action) knowledge feeling (active listening) pathise and comfort (words, touch) ntly place to the side (breath, stretch, shower) engagement to present (pleasant distraction, ysical movement)

## SELF-CARE

Biological: Baseline – eat, sleep and exercise

Physical calming (eg slow breathing)

Psychological: Notice thinking traps – balance cognitions

Relax and play when possible

Problem solve and thought pass

Mindfulness

Creative expression

Kindness to self/allow time for sadness – comfort – gentle moving forward

Social: connect with the right people for the moment

# EXTRA SUPPORT

Organisations: Kids helpline, Parentline, Beyond Blue, Headspace

Resources: Fact sheets

<u>https://emergingminds.com.au/our-work/guiding-principles/trauma/</u>

Apps: DreamyKid, Headspace, Kids Yoga Deck, Stop Breathe and think Kids, Breathing Bubbles, Smiling Mind, Positive Penguins

Attaining assistance from an external psychologist – mental health care plan

Local list available includes: women's resource centre, farm gate counselling, centrelink payments, Bushfire Recovery Centre <u>https://www.begavalley.nsw.gov.au/cp\_themes/default/page.asp?p=DOC-TYF-05-</u> <u>80-61</u>